

# MIDDLE WEST GLAD TO SEE PRESIDENT

Receives Noisy Welcomes From Many Thousand Persons in Indiana and Illinois.

## HE REMARKS ON CORDIALITY

At Every Stop Appears on Rear Platform and Keeps Up Running Fire of Remarks.

CHICAGO, October 4.—(The Times-Dispatch.)—President Wilson, penetrating the Middle West today for his speech in Omaha tomorrow, received noisy welcomes from many thousands of persons in Ohio, Indiana and Illinois. He interpreted the enthusiasm to one crowd as meaning, "You believe in me."

At stop after stop the railroad stations were packed, at several places bands played and frequently the President remarked on the cordiality.

Refusing to turn his trip into a speaking tour, the President nevertheless kept up a running fire of remarks at every stop. Interest among those who spoke to him centered most about the eight-hour law for railroad employees.

Mr. Wilson made a brief stop at Chicago to-night and conferred with Senator Walsh, in charge of Democratic Western headquarters, Senator Saulsbury, of Delaware, member of the senatorial committee, and other department heads.

Several hundred persons, including local politicians, railroad men and not a few women flocked to the train yards and cheered the President when he appeared, and shook hands with those nearest him.

Senator Walsh told him the campaign in the West was "more than satisfactory."

## AT EVERY STOP APPEARS ON REAR PLATFORM OF CAR

At every stop between Pittsburgh, passed early this morning, and Chicago, the President appeared on the rear platform of his private car, waved to the crowds, explained that he was making no speeches, and then shook hands with as many as possible.

"I am before the jury and can't say anything," was the way he explained his failure to speak in several towns. "I am not making a speech-making campaign," said the President at Lima, Ohio, "but it touches me and gratifies me very much to get the greetings I have all along the line, and Ohio has certainly shown her hospitality."

"We didn't want a speech, we wanted to see our President," a man called out.

"I don't think much of my speech-making, but I think it is better than to look at Mr. Wilson said."

"We want to see Mr. Wilson," a man called out at Wooster, Ohio.

"He must be a good man," retorted Mr. Wilson.

"You were with us in the eight-hour day and we are with you," said a man at Orrville, Ohio, a railroad town.

"Good," the President replied.

## DRAWN INTO REFERENCE TO HUGHES'S WHISKERS

When the President stopped at Valparaiso, Ind., to-night, a crowd, including some students, drew him into a reference to Mr. Hughes's whiskers.

"I haven't anything to say, my fellow-citizens except that it is exceedingly refreshing to get away from official duties, and out among the folks again, and the sort of greeting you are giving me fills my heart with a great deal of gratitude. I am heartily obliged to you."

A railroad brakeman, just off duty, pushed out his hand and said: "Right there, Mr. President. She's dirty, but she's going to hit the rooster hard."

"It cheers me very much to have you come out and give me such a greeting, because sometimes when I am hard at work I long very much to get away and come out and see the folks. It gives me the deepest gratitude, as if you wanted to see me and believe in me. God bless you and good luck to you."

Edward G. Hoffman, of Port Wayne, Democratic National Committeeman from Indiana, rode for a while with the President, and later gave out an informal statement in which he claimed that Indiana would cast its electoral vote for Wilson.

"The President has a large personal following among Indiana Republicans," Mr. Hoffman said. "The independent vote is for him, and he is assured of 5 per cent of the Progressive vote, our citizens do not believe in swapping horses in the middle of the stream."

The President will make at least two speeches in Omaha tomorrow, one at a luncheon, and the other in the evening at a nonpartisan meeting. He also will review a historical pageant and parade. He will leave tomorrow night for Long Branch, N. J., where he will arrive on Saturday morning.

# Civilians to Get Regular Training

May Report Once a Week on Reserve Battleships for Drill and Instruction.

WASHINGTON, October 4.—Steps are being taken to place the civilians who participated in the recent John Paul Jones cruise of the navy on a permanent basis for instruction. The Navy Department announced today that they would be given an opportunity to report on board any of the reserve battleships at the various navy-yards once a week throughout the year, and attend drill and practice instruction.

The suggestion that a permanent office be established in Washington to handle the volunteer civilian preparedness movement is being considered by the department, and probably will be adopted. Officials believe that the start already made, it will be comparatively easy to enroll at least 10,000 men for next summer's cruise. The civilians who took the training this summer contemplate forming a national organization through which to enroll their full complement as a reserve under the new naval bill.

"These matters are at present under consideration," says a statement issued by the Navy Department today, "and if the details can be arranged, the movement will start in concrete form in the large cities either this winter or early spring. When this shall have been accomplished a long step will have been taken both toward the securing of 100,000 volunteer reserves and in educating the public in thorough preparedness and an adequate navy."

"The plans contemplate extension of this training to the Pacific Coast and the Great Lakes, so that every section of the country may participate."

## IN ENDURANCE RIDING TEST

Military Officers on Horse to Cover From Fifty to Eighty Miles in Night Trip.

DOUGLAS, ARIZ., October 4.—An officers' endurance riding contest will start from here tomorrow. There are eight entries up to this time, and many more are expected, before the test begins.

The ride will be made entirely at night. The riders will draw for position, and leave the headquarters for the New Jersey Cavalry at ten-minute intervals. Just before leaving each rider will be given a sealed envelope containing instructions as to checking stations, route, conditions and destination. The route will cover from fifty to eighty miles. Each rider will decide for himself how he will cover the distance, including tests for his horse, feeding and watering.

The best time on the route, the condition of the horse and rider on the completion of the test, as well as on the following day will govern the ratings.

## SULZER'S PARTY ACTIVE

Will Support National Republican Ticket, but Favors McCombs for Senate.

NEW YORK, October 4.—The American party, organized in 1914 by William Sulzer, former Governor of New York, plans to take an active part in the present campaign. It was announced here to-night, Mr. Sulzer asserts that his party had definitely decided to support the entire Democratic ticket, until it was "double crossed" recently by Democratic leaders, who were entrusted with petitions to be filed, and failed to file them.

Now, he says, the party will support the National Republican ticket, and a part of the State, nominees of the Democrats for the United States Senate, will be favored, however.

Mr. Sulzer expressed the opinion that his party would poll 50,000 votes—enough, he predicted, to defeat any candidate on an opposing ticket, if the vote is at all close.

## LEX DAVIES ACQUITTED

His Principal Defense in Manslaughter Charge Is "Unwritten Law."

MANASSA, ALA., October 4.—A jury to-day acquitted Lex Davies of the charge of manslaughter for the killing on the street here several months ago of T. B. Herndon, wealthy garage owner and lumberman. The principal defense presented by Davies was the "unwritten law." He testified that alleged relations between Herndon and a sister of Davies led to the killing. Davies also said that he was talking to Herndon the latter made a move as to draw a revolver, and he shot him.

## 26 KILLED IN AIR RAID

Newspaper Reports That Zeppelin Is Destroyed and Much Other Damage Done at Mannheim.

AMSTERDAM, October 4. (Via London).—The newspaper Les Nouvelles says that in the air raids on Mannheim, Germany, on September 27 a Zeppelin of great length was destroyed and much other damage was done. Twenty-six workmen were killed and forty wounded.

A French official statement on September 23 reported that French aviators had dropped bombs on Mannheim.

# WANTED ON SERIOUS CHARGE, DIES BY GAS

Open Jet in Bedroom Ends Life of Cecil H. Hamlett, of Rocky Mount, N. C.

## HAD PROMISED TO MARRY GIRL

V. B. Rose Informs Police Man Had Wronged His Sister, Who Is Found in This City.

Cecil H. Hamlett, about twenty-three years of age, of Rocky Mount, N. C., was found dead in his room, 606 East Grace Street, yesterday morning. He had been suffocated by gas which escaped from the jet in his back room on the second floor. Hamlett was not a regular boarder, according to Mrs. Allen, the landlady, but had engaged a room Tuesday night about 10 o'clock, paying \$1 for the night's accommodation.

At 1 o'clock in the morning, three hours later, a stranger, giving the name of V. B. Rose, also of Rocky Mount, came up to Patrolman Beams at the corner of Mayo and Franklin Streets and engaged him in conversation. He said his sister was missing from home, and that he was sure she was here in Richmond. He asked the officer what method he should pursue to locate her.

The officer called Patrolman Harry F. Sweet, who works in plain clothes, from the First Police Station, a member of the so-called "moral squad." Patrolman Sweet ascertained that the man's sister, Mary Rose, twenty years old, was somewhere in the city, having been brought here by Cecil H. Hamlett on Sunday from Rocky Mount. The officer advised Rose, owing to the lateness of the hour, to seek a hotel and to meet him at 9 o'clock yesterday morning at the City Hall. Rose went to Stump's Hotel and spent the night.

## TOLD FRIENDS THAT HE WOULD MARRY GIRL

Patrolman Sweet met Rose yesterday morning at 9 o'clock at the City Hall, and learned from him that his sister was in a delicate condition. Rose said that Hamlett had brought about the officer to assist him in locating her. Hamlett and the girl, who left Rocky Mount on Sunday, in the meantime Hamlett had returned to Rocky Mount, and told several friends that he had left the girl in a good place, and would return to see her later. In this way, Rose said, he learned that his sister was in Richmond.

After trying several maternity hospitals, the officer called upon Judge Hicks, of the Juvenile and Domestic Relations Court, to assist him. Judge Hicks located the girl at the Virginia Home for Infants, 100 West Clay Street.

## NO RECORD OF LICENSE

IN HUSTINGS COURT  
It was nearly 10 o'clock yesterday morning when the officer had located the girl. In the meantime, the life-form of Hamlett had been taken from the room and turned over to an undertaker to be prepared for burial.

Rose went at once to the home and found his sister. She said that Hamlett had called upon her the night previous, and had promised to secure a marriage license the following day—yesterday—after return and marry her. He had already paid \$16 for her care in the institution.

Rose again returned to the City Hall and, with Patrolman Sweet, investigated the records of the Hustings Court to ascertain if Hamlett had taken out a marriage license. He had not.

Whether or not Rose or his sister is not known. It is certain that Rose, who called upon his sister late yesterday afternoon, told her that he would go out and look for Hamlett and return when he found him. He had not returned last night. He had checked off at Stump's Hotel earlier in the day and did not return.

## POLICE FORCE THEIR WAY INTO GAS-FILLED ROOM

Hamlett was found in his room about breakfast time yesterday morning. Escaping gas aroused the attention of Mrs. Allen, and she called in Patrolman Schief. He broke in the door and found the body. Detective Sergeant Willy was called in to investigate, and he found \$20.21 in Hamlett's pockets, and also a passbook on the Planters' bank of Rocky Mount. Other papers served to identify the young man.

Captain of Detectives T. J. McMahon telegraphed to the officials of Rocky Mount, with the result that he was called over telephone in a short time. The chief of police of Rocky Mount said the young man was known there, and asked the authorities here to hold the body for further advice.

J. C. Collins, an undertaker of Rocky Mount, together with Herbert Hamlett, a cousin of the dead man, carried the remains back to North Carolina last night.

The undertaker said that both families were well and favorably known in Nashville, N. C. Nashville, he said, was about six miles from the Rose farm. The personal effects of Cecil H. Hamlett were turned over to him by Sergeant Willey.

Hamlett had a number of letters of recommendation from some large tobacco farms in North Carolina, addressed to any one who might desire to give him employment. He was said to be a young man of good habits and thoroughly reliable.

In speaking of the case last night, Patrolman Sweet said that Rose told him that Hamlett was well able to take care of his sister. He said that he was ready to forgive Hamlett if he would marry her. He did not plan any violent action, he said, but had come here to insist upon the marriage.

# Constantine Accepts Resignation of Cabinet

ATHENS, October 4. (Via London, October 5).—The following official statement regarding the Cabinet situation issued today:

"The government, not having succeeded in getting into touch with the representatives of the entente powers and considering that the situation hinders progress in national questions, has begged the King to accept its resignation. The King has accepted the resignation of the government."

## DIEMERACIPOLOS EXPECTED TO FORM NEW MINISTRY

LONDON, October 4.—King Constantine has accepted the resignation of the Greek Cabinet, says a Reuter dispatch from Athens. It is believed that Diemieracipolos, former Minister of Justice, will form a new Cabinet which will include three members of the Venizelos party.

# SECOND CHECK FOR \$1,000 SENT MORGENTHAU TO-DAY

Represents Fruit of Richmond's Campaign to Help Along National Democratic Cause.

## TIMES-DISPATCH FUND GROWS

Contributions of \$40 Yesterday Raise Total of \$617.50—Former State Senator Fulton Outlines Plan for Prosecuting Fight.

At the end of a ten-day campaign in Richmond to raise funds with which to help in the re-election of Woodrow Wilson, headquarters of the Richmond Democratic Committee to-day will forward a second check of \$1,000 to the national party fight for use in the Democratic campaign in the doubtful sections of the country. Other remittances will be made from local headquarters to the national each week during the progress of the campaign.

In addition to the \$2,000 secured through the efforts of the Richmond committee, the sum of \$517.50 has been contributed through The Times-Dispatch. Of this amount, \$16 came yesterday, \$23 having been sent directly to the paper and \$17 contributed through J. N. Brennan, secretary to the State Democratic Committee.

For the purpose of arousing public sentiment to the importance of re-electing President Wilson and of effecting in the State a more vigorous and widespread campaign for funds to defray the legitimate expenses of a political party, M. J. Fulton, a prominent Richmond attorney and a former State Senator, yesterday suggested that there be organized in Richmond a central Democratic club, with smaller clubs in each of the wards, and that similar organizations be formed in each county in Virginia.

## DEBRISE SCHEME OF ORGANIZATION

"All of the presidents of the ward clubs," said Mr. Fulton, "should be vice-presidents of the central club. The object of this association of clubs should be threefold:

"1. Educational: to inform the people by the dissemination of literature and speeches and otherwise of the things accomplished by the Democratic administration and to demonstrate to them that it is to their best interest to retain the present Democratic party in power for the next four years and to strengthen the party both in the State and nation.

"2. To overcome party apathy and to arouse enthusiasm and a popular demand for the re-election of President Wilson and a Democratic Congress, and to give expression to this popular demand.

"3. To enroll and reach every voter in Richmond and enlist them as a member of one of the Wilson Democratic clubs. A small fee should be charged, say, of 25 cents to \$1.

"A list of the Democratic voters should be obtained, and every voter should be solicited to join the club and wear a Wilson button.

"The central club should be effected at a public meeting, and the clubs should cooperate with the national and State Democratic committees in every way possible.

"In each county in Virginia there should be organized similar clubs—a larger central club for each county, with vice-presidents from each voting precinct, and smaller or subsidiary clubs from each municipal district. All these clubs should have the same object and purposes, and in this way the entire State could be organized and greatly aid the national and State committees.

## SIMILAR CLUB DID GOOD WORK IN 1892

"In 1892 I knew of a similar organization of clubs in one small county in this State which did most effective work, and succeeded in raising substantial contributions for the national campaign."

(Continued on Second Page.)

# Watch Worlds Series on T.-D. Score Board

The world series, play by play, will be shown on the score board at The Times-Dispatch Building throughout the series, which will open on Saturday. The announcement is in line with the policy of the paper to furnish its readers with complete news of all such big events, and is but one of the several features through which The Times-Dispatch will keep its readers informed of every move made by players on the battling teams. Signed stories by baseball experts, in addition to the Associated Press reports, will tell each day of the work done by the various players.

# TERAUCHI TO FORM CABINET IN JAPAN

Requested by Emperor to Organize Ministry, Following Resignation of Okuma.

## VICTORY FOR ARMY PARTY

Little Known in Washington as to What Policy New Premier Will Adopt.

TOKYO, October 4.—The Emperor has requested Lieutenant-General Count Seiki Terauchi, former Minister of War, and also formerly resident-general in Korea, to organize a Cabinet in succession to the ministry of Okuma.

The resignation of Premier Okuma brought to a head the intense struggle between the bureaucratic forces and the advocates of a representative government which culminated in the victory of the bureaucrats by the Emperor's designation of Count Terauchi to form a Cabinet.

Premier Okuma aided Baron Kato in his efforts to form a new ministry, and this succeeded in amalgamating the three groups composing the government's majority in the House of Representatives into one great party. By this move the new amalgamation has only the Seiyukai, or Conservative party, in opposition, and brings about a two-party political system in Japan similar to that in the United States and Great Britain.

The movement displeased the statesmen of the old school, who feared that it would be unduly progressive, and was opposed especially by Count Terauchi, whose slogan is a no-party form of government.

The selection of Count Terauchi is believed to be a victory for the army party. Viscount Ichihara Motono, the ambassador to Russia, is being considered as Foreign Minister in the new Cabinet. It is learned that Count Terauchi will ask Baron Kato to support the new party, and thus effect a compromise.

## FOLLOWER IN POLITICS OF FRIEND OF AMERICA

WASHINGTON, October 4.—Little is known in official circles here as to what policy Lieutenant-General Terauchi, Japan's new Premier, will adopt. He already has been a military man almost above party questions, but he is regarded as a follower in politics of former Premier Yamagata, under whose influence "the gentleman's agreement" and other friendly arrangements were made with the United States.

For some time there has been considerable agitation in Japan in favor of General Terauchi's elevation to the Premier's portfolio, especially by those who felt former Premier Okuma's policy was too favorable to western nations and too lenient to China.

General Terauchi's greatest achievement was the annexation of Korea. General Terauchi was born in Choshu in 1852, was made a sublieutenant in 1871, worked up through various military positions to supervision of the transport system during the Chinese War, became a lieutenant-general in 1897 and later served as inspector-general of military institutions and vice-chief of the general staff. In 1902 he became War Minister in the Katsura Cabinet, which position he held till his appointment as governor-general of Korea, nine years later.

## GASOLINE USERS WARNED

Told by Director of Bureau of Mines That Specific Gravity Is Not Satisfactory Basis for Purchase.

WASHINGTON, October 4.—Gasoline users were warned to-day by Vann H. Manning, director of the Bureau of Mines, that specific gravity was not a satisfactory basis for the purchase of gasoline, and that tests with machines made within the last two years had shown less than 2 per cent difference in power between 74 gravity and 69 gravity. Mr. Manning was speaking before a meeting of Washington automobile men and merchants held in connection with a local inquiry into the price of gasoline. He reminded his hearers that it was estimated the country had only enough petroleum resources to last twenty-seven or thirty years at the present rate of consumption, and that automobile manufacturers figured on seeing the 2,000 cars in use in the United States by the first of next year.

## NEGRO WOMAN LYNCHED

Her Son Is Alleged to Have Killed E. M. Melvin, a Farmer, Near Leary, Ga.

ALBANY, GA., October 4.—A negro woman named Connelly, whose son is alleged to have killed E. M. Melvin, a farmer, was taken from the city jail at Leary, Calhoun County, Ga., some time Monday night and lynched, according to reports received here to-day. Her body, riddled with bullets, was found near Leary yesterday.

The woman was said to have been engaged in an altercation with Melvin when it is alleged her son struck the farmer on the head with a cotton scale weight. She was arrested soon afterwards.

## HUGHES IN SECLUSION

Will Outline Some of Chief Speeches Which He Will Make on Next Campaign Trip.

MONTECLAIR, N. J., October 4.—Charles E. Hughes went into seclusion here to-day, not far from the house where Charles E. Hughes, Jr., and his family are spending a few days. During the few days that Mr. Hughes will remain here he expects to clear away the accumulation of correspondence he found awaiting him on his arrival in New York, and to outline some of the chief speeches which he will make on his third presidential campaign trip starting on Monday.

# Want Conscription to Apply in Ireland

Agitators Will Put Embarrassing Proposals Before Parliament When It Reassembles.

LONDON, October 4.—When Parliament reassembles next week, the government will be confronted with new embarrassing proposals for the application of conscription to Ireland. The Times and other newspapers recently have been conducting a strong campaign with this object in view, and the decisions announced to-day by the Man Power Distribution Board, and by General Sir William Robertson, chief of the imperial staff, that more men are urgently needed, will, it is believed, strengthen the hands of the agitators, who have been joined by Sir Edward Carson.

Sir Edward asserts that the situation is such that without conscription in Ireland it will be impossible even to maintain the Irish regiments at the front in their proper strength. He contends that Ireland could provide an army of 500,000 men of military age, and asks what the colonies, which have made such sacrifices for the empire, will think of the shirking of Ireland.

The Nationalists in reply to Sir Edward Carson, point out that the colonies already have self-government, and hence there is no analogy with the position of Ireland. They assert that Ireland will be found to be a united nation in resistance to compulsion.

## MILK SITUATION ACUTE

Shortage of More Than 50 Per Cent in Supply Causes Much Suffering in New York.

NEW YORK, October 4.—With the failure to-day of Mayor Mitchell to adjust the differences between producers and distributors of milk and the decision of Attorney-General Woodbury to begin a State-wide inquiry into the causes leading to the rupture, the situation, so far as the general public is concerned, was said to-night to be growing acute. A shortage of more than 50 per cent in the milk supply, which already has resulted from the controversy is causing much suffering, according to the authorities. The supply is expected to diminish, rather than increase, until a settlement is reached.

The Attorney-General issued a statement to-day, in which he said that his investigation to begin on Friday, will "determine fairly and impartially how far there may have been unlawful combinations in restraint of trade for controlling the price of this important necessity of life."

## NOT TO RAISE THE MEMPHIS

Great Cost of Salvage Hardly Justified in View of Vessel's Low Military Value.

WASHINGTON, October 4.—There is little probability that any effort will be made to raise the armored cruiser Memphis, wrecked recently at Santo Domingo City, in a tropical storm. While final decision will be made by Secretary Daniels after the board of inquiry has reported, Admiral Benson, chief of operations said to-day the great cost of salvage hardly seemed justified in view of the vessel's low military value.

A report from Captain Beach of the Memphis, indicates that the ship's entire bottom was crushed in. Already much of her armament and equipment has been taken off, but Naval Constructor Du Boce and the representative of a wrecking company sent to the scene agree that there is little chance to refloat her.

## CAR STRIKERS TO PARADE

Union Men in Atlanta Want to Show Their Strength to the Public.

ATLANTA, GA., October 4.—Service on reduced schedules on local and suburban street cars continued to-night, except on several lines in outlying districts, where the company maintained its crews would be injured by sympathizers with striking motormen and conductors. Numerous cases of petty disorder continued to be reported to-day.

Union organizers stated to-night that "approximately 700" motormen and conductors had left the trolley company's service in aid of the union's fight to enforce recognition by the company. Representatives of the company put the total of strikers at "about 150." The strikers to-day obtained a permit for a parade to-morrow "to show their strength to the public."

## OHIO FOR WILSON

Democratic National Committee Says Poll Indicates About 20,000 Majority.

[Special to The Times-Dispatch.] NEW YORK, October 4.—Ohio will go for Wilson by about 20,000, according to figures made public to-day by the Democratic National Committee.

At a meeting of this body Simon Ford, committeeman from Ohio, announced that a poll held in Cincinnati gave about equal honors to Wilson and Hughes. Normally, this city shows a Republican majority of about 20,000, Chairman McCormick stated that a check on the poll made by the Cincinnati Inquirer had verified its fairness.

## LARGER DAILY CLEARINGS

Increase From \$50,301,495 to \$78,550,703 in Federal Reserve Bank Districts for Month.

WASHINGTON, October 4.—All Federal reserve bank districts averaged materially larger daily clearings for the month ending September 16 last than during the preceding month, the Federal Reserve Board announced to-day. This increase was from \$59,301,695 to \$78,550,703.

# HEAVY FIGHTING IN PROGRESS ON EASTERN FRONTS

Fierce Battle West of Lutsk Still Without Decisive Result.

## RUSSIANS HELD BACK IN DRIVE ON LEMBERG

Bukharest Silent in Regard to Roumanian Troops Which Crossed the Danube.

## BERLIN CLAIMS WITHDRAWAL

Autumn Storms Bring Temporary Lull in Operations on the Somme.

LONDON, October 4.—With rain still keeping the operations of the entente allies and Germans on the western front in France mainly to artillery duels, intense fighting in the world war has been transferred to the Russian, Roumanian and Macedonian fronts, on all of which heavy fighting is in progress.

The fierce battle which has been raging for several days west of Lutsk, in Volhynia, is still without decisive result for either side, while in Galicia, along the Znamenska River, where the Russians are trying to push through to Lemberg, the Austro-German forces are still holding back the Russians. Berlin, in its official account of the fighting near Lutsk, says the Russian dead number thousands.

Bukharest is still silent in regard to the operations of Roumanian troops which crossed the Danube River between Rostchuk and Turtukal and invaded Bulgarian territory, but Berlin says these men have been hastily withdrawn, in the fear of being encircled by the forces of Field Marshal von Mackensen.

Fresh gains by the Roumanians against the center and left wing of the Teutonic allies operating to the north in Dobruja are chronicled by Bukharest. At Amzaeca a position of the Teutons was captured, and with it more than 1,000 men and seven guns and much war material.

## NUMEROUS ENGAGEMENTS FOUGHT IN TRANSYLVANIA

In Transylvania, from Orsova, on the Danube, near the Hungarian-Roumanian frontier, to the Bukawina border, numerous engagements have been fought. Bukharest claims successes for the Roumanian arms in the region of Odokim, between Pogaras and Sighisava, and in the mountains west of the River Ar. It was admitted that the Roumanian troops were withdrawn from the Jiu Valley, but before falling back they destroyed the coal mines at Petrozny.

The Berlin War Office admits the retirement of the Teutonic allies before the Serbians to prepared positions near Lake Presha, on the western end of the Macedonian front, and also at Nise Hill, north of Kaimakcali Heights, on the Serbo-Greek frontier, and that the British are maintaining themselves in positions they have captured along the Struma River, north of Lake Thabnos. In this latter region the British have advanced to their front the town of Jenkoi.

An unofficial dispatch from Paris says the Serbians, in addition to defeating the Bulgarians on Nise Hill, have captured the Kessali railroad station. The Serbian territory recaptured by the entente allies, says the dispatch, now aggregates 250 square kilometers.

The Italian troops have recaptured from the Austrians the northern slopes of Col Bricon and further advanced their position in this region, according to Rome.

## STORM BRINGS LULL IN OPERATIONS ON SOMME

With the French and British before the German fourth line, after more than two months of almost continuous fighting, the autumn storms, for which Bredy is famous, brought a temporary lull in operations of the Somme.